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- 5. GETTING TO KNOW PLANTS plants are Living Things; Parts of a Plant; Roots: Tap Roots and Fibrous Roots; Stem; Leaf: Activities to Show That (i) Leaves Make Food by photosynthesis (ii) Sunlight is Necessary for Photosynthesis; Activity to Show Transpiration in Plants; Venation: Reticulate Venation and Parallel Venation; Relationship Between Venation and Type of Roots; Flowers, Fruits and Seeds
- THE LIVING ORGANISMS AND THEIR SURROUNDINGS 88-113 Living Things and Non-Living Things; Characteristics of Living Things: Food, Growth, Movement, Response to Stimuli, Respiration, Excretion, Reproduction Definite Life-Span and Cellular Organisation; Habitat; Biotic and Abiotic Components; Adaptations; Terrestrial Habitats: Deserts, Mountain Regions and Forests (or Grasslands); Adaptations in Plants and Animals to Terrestrial Habitats; Aquatic Habitats: Oceans, Ponds, Lakes and Rivers; Adaptations in Plants and Animals to Aquatic Habitats; Aerial Habitats: Adaptations in Birds; Acclimatisation

### 7. MOTION AND MEASUREMENT OF DISTANCES

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Motion; Types of Motion: Rectilinear Motion, Circular Motion, Rotational Motion and Periodic Motion; Objects Having More Than One Type of Motion; The Story o Transport; Distances and Measurement; Need of Standard Units of Measurement SI Unit of Length; Measurement of Length; Length Measuring Devices: Metro Scale (or Ruler) and Measuring Tape; Precautions in the Measurement of Length To Measure the Length of a Curved Line

#### 8. LIGHT, SHADOWS AND REFLECTIONS

132-15

Sources of Light; Natural and Man-Made Sources of Light; Luminous and Nor Luminous Objects; Transparent, Translucent and Opaque Materials; Light Trave in Straight Lines; The Pinhole Camera; How to Make a Pinhole Camera; Shadows Reflection of Light and Mirrors; Image of an Object; Real Images and Virtu Images; Characteristics of Image Formed by a Plane Mirror; Uses of Plane Mirror Periscope

# 9. ELECTRICITY AND CIRCUITS

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Electricity: A Clean Form of Energy; Electricity Runs Many Appliances and Machines; Electricity is Produced at Power Stations; Electricity Can be Dangerous; Safe Source of Electricity: Electric Cell; Torch Bulb Electric Circuits: Open Circuits and Closed Circuits; Electric Switch; How to Make a Simple Electric Switch; Adding Switch to the Electric Circuit Torch; Electric Conductors and Insulators; Importance of Conductors and Insulators

## 10. FUN WITH MAGNETS

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Types of Magnets: Bar Magnet, Horseshoe Magnet, U-Shaped Magnet, Cylindrical Magnet (or Rod Magnet), Button Magnet and Ring Magnet; How Magnets Were Discovered; Magnetic Materials and Non-Magnetic Materials; Poles of a Magnet; Properties of Magnets; Finding Directions: Compass; Testing For a Magnet; Making Your Own Magnet and Compass; Precautions in Handling Magnets; How to Store Magnets Properly; Uses of Magnets

## SUSTENANCE OF LIFE ON EARTH

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Air: A Mixture of Gases; Atmosphere; Composition of Air; Nitrogen: Required to Make Proteins; Oxygen: Necessary for Breathing and Burning; Carbon Dioxide: Needed for Photosynthesis; Water Vapour: Essential for Water Cycle; Dust and Smoke: Pollute the Air; Air (or Oxygen) is Present in Soil and Water; Uses of Water; Where do We Get Water From; Properties of Water; What if it Rains Heavily: Floods; What if it Does Not Rain For a Long Period : Drought ; How Can We Conserve Water

INDIA AND SCIENCE

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